

# United States Patent and Trademark Office



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/807,565	03/23/2004	David L. Marvit	073338.0188 (04-50461 4219 FLA EXAMINER		
, 5073 , 75	590 11/14/2006	·			
BAKER BOTTS L.L.P. 2001 ROSS AVENUE			LIANG, REGINA		
SUITE 600	ENGE		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
DALLAS, TX	75201-2980		2629		
			DATE MAILED: 11/14/200	5	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary		10/807,56	5	MARVIT, DAVID L.					
		Examiner		Art Unit					
		Regina Lia	ing	2629					
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR INCHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILI sisions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communical period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory teres to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, be pely received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NG DATE OF TH CFR 1.136(a). In no eve tion. period will apply and will by statute, cause the appli	IIS COMMUNICATION ont, however, may a reply be tim Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS from to ication to become ABANDONED	l. ely filed the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status									
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed or	n <u>23 March 2004</u> .							
2a) <u></u> ☐	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.								
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is								
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	on of Claims								
4) 🖂	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are pending in the application.								
-	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
_	Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠	☐ Claim(s). <u>1-3,7-13 and 15-21</u> is/are rejected.								
7)🖂	Claim(s) 4-6 and 14 is/are objected to.								
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election re	equirement.						
Applicati	on Papers								
	•	aminer							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) ▼ The drawing(s) filed on 23 March 2004 is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.									
. 5/23	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119	•							
12) 🔲 .	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fo	oreian priority unc	der 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).					
_	a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:								
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage								
	application from the International E	3ureau (PCT Rule	∋ 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.									
Attachment	(s)		_						
	of References Cited (PTO-892)	.10	4) Interview Summary ( Paper No(s)/Mail Da						
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9 nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	48)	5) Notice of Informal Pa						
	No(s)/Mail Date <u>3/23/04, 11/21/05</u> .		6) Other:						

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

1. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

2. Claims 17-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. Claims 17-20 although written to include a computer readable medium, however for a logic, i.e., computer program, to be statutory subject is must be claimed as a computer program stored on a computer readable medium as set forth in page 52 of the Interim Guidelines, thus without such the claims are non-statutory in nature.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1, 2, 8, 9, 11, 12, 15, 17, 18, 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bartlett (US 6,573,883) in view of Cherveny (US 6,564,144) and Shpiro (US 65,766,015).

As to claims 1, 2, 9 and 21, Fig. 5 of Bartlett discloses a motion controlled handheld device comprising:

a user interface comprising a display (710) having a viewable surface and operable to generate a current image;

a gesture database maintaining a plurality of gestures (catalog of gesture commands in Fig. 3), each gesture defined by a motion of the device with respect to a first position of the device;

a motion detection module (110 in Fig. 3) operable to detect motion of the device within three dimensions and to identify components of the motion in relation to the viewable surface (col. 4, lines 37-50); and

a control module (120 in Fig. 3) operable to:

track movement of the handheld device using the motion detection module; compare the tracked movement against potential ones of the gestures (col. 4, lines 53-60), determine that the tracked movement does not indicate one of the gestures or indicates one of the gestures (col. 5, lines 40-47; if the angular orientation is less than  $\theta_1$ , the tracked movement does not perform the gesture; if the angular orientation is greater than  $\theta_1$ , the tracked movement performs the gesture).

Bartlett does not disclose generating a feedback reporting that the tracked movement does not indicate the gesture or indicates the gesture. However, Fig. 6 of Cherveny teaches a data input device having a gesture recognition routine, the gesture recognition routine outputs an audible output (indication) to the speaker indicating that the gesture has been recognized (see col. 9, lines 49-63 for example; this corresponds to generating feedback to indicate the gesture). Also, Shpiro teaches a device comprising an indication for indicating the failure of a match such that an audio or visible feedback indication is provided to the user to identify the matched and indicating whether it is matched or not matched (col. 5, lines 1-6). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system of Bartlett to have the indicating features as taught by Cherveny and Shpiro to provide a

Art Unit: 2629

feedback indication to the user clearly indicating to the user whether it indicates a gesture or not (col. 5, lines 3-6 of Shpiro).

As to claim 8, Shpiro teaches generating audio output using the speaker.

Claims 11, 12, 15, 17, 18, which are method claims corresponding to the above apparatus claims, are rejected for the same reasons as stated above since such method "steps" are clearly read on by the corresponding "means".

5. Claims 3, 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bartlett, Chervny and Shpiro, and further in view of Keely (us 6,791,536 hereinafter Keely).

As to claim 3, Bartlett as modified by Cherveny and Shpiro does not disclose the feedback to display an icon associated with the gesture. However, Shpiro teaches that feedback indications can be both visible and audio indications and further Keely teaches that visible feedbacks comprise graphical icons (Keely col. 8 lines 11-14). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device of Bartlett as modified by Cherveny and Shpiro to comprise icons as the visible feedback indication such that the user can easily distinguish the specific feedback. In addition, to associate the icon with a particular gesture would have been further obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to clearly indicate to the user which gesture is being selected to avoid confusion.

As to claim 7, Keely teaches to provide a tactile (vibration) feedback to the user.

Art Unit: 2629

6. Claims 10, 16, 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bartlett, Cherveny and Shpiro, and further in view of Feinstein (us 2002/0190947).

Page 5

Bartlett teaches using multiple motion sensors for sensing the motion of the device (col. 5, lines 2-4). Bartlett as modified by Cherveny and Shpiro does not explicitly disclose using first, second and third accelerometer for detecting acceleration along a first, second and third axis. However, Feinstein teaches using three accelerometers for detecting the motion of the device along a first, second and third axis (see Fig. 14). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device of Bartlett as modified by Cherveny and Shpiro to use three accelerometers as taught by Feinstein since the three accelerometers measure the acceleration of the device along three independent directions precisely.

### Allowable Subject Matter

- 7. Claims 4-6, 14 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Regina Liang whose telephone number is (571) 272-7693. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8AM to 5:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richard Hjerpe, can be reached on (571) 272-7691. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

Application/Control Number: 10/807,565 Page 6

Art Unit: 2629

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Regina Liang Primary Examiner Art Unit 2674

10/27/06